

## Originating of ethical rules in economic units

### 1. Life works according to the natural regularities of cooperation. What do these regularities reflect and how do they work and work well?

According to my experiences we have to learn how to cooperate, to produce values, we have to know our environment, which provides everything to mankind needed for our life selflessly. If we can realize the rules of cooperation with nature, we survive. "We share in life.

- Why is anything valuable? What is the base of quality?
- Does nature produce waste? What makes nature alive?
- What makes man more than animals or plants?
- What does man consist of (body, soul, mind)? What are the proofs for it?

### 2. Ethical codex: how do we have a positive attitude towards each other at a high level as colleagues and as a boss and a subordinate and why?

The main viewpoints:

- What does it mean that everybody has to maintain their own means and own space fulfilled by themselves. Meaning of self-supporting work is evolving a responsibility for our surroundings and myself.
- Why the master-servant relationship and the idea of the inferior work has to be ceased?
- Why do we think that we are worthier than others? Why do we think that our work is more important than others'?
- What can be the aims of the employers and the employees? ( How could be realize that everybody should stick together?)

### 3. What different areas are in the same firm? What relations are there between the different areas (subordinate or coordinate relation)?

- is it sure that the boss knows everything the best?
- what do we minimally have to deal with in the same firm to make our partners satisfied with our work? (purchase, manufacturing, quality, finances, improvement etc)
- who and on what base decide the aims of a company and who make the employees keep to them?

### 4. A common human attitude once in a collegial relation, once in the relation of an employer and an employee from two sides. Well, what attitude do we have to evidence to cooperate without tension and what problems are caused when we do not keep to it?

- why are conflicts important as sources of the best solutions?
- why is a communication at conflicts and handling of temperance important?
- unasked aid as a base of conflicts?
- A leading role in a conflict, what does make a leader?
- how could the best solutions come to light if they were not the leader's idea?
- creating a cooperation on the base of agreement in which the mistake and responsibility for it teaches us.

### 5. What does the own area at a firm mean?

- the bases of independent work?
- decision?
- how can the individual performance be measurable?

### 6. What does it mean that I maintain the area of my own and why is important to maintain it by myself?

- what does recognition of our talent and aptitude mean?
- how is process of consciousness developed in us?

### 7. What attitude has the different areas of firm to be had to each other? What cooperation, moral and ethical rules have to be kept to to realize cooperation at a high level, development, and producing values? What happens when we do not keep to these rules?

- how can the communities at work help when the colleagues work for a common aim? how are a firm and the employees prevented when everybody works for their individual aims?
- when and how is an added value developed at a firm?
- When is a competition useful and when is it not useful?

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